

## Background :

NLP is one of the core technologies in ICT. This is because the contents of information are conveyed by natural languages. The state-of-the-art technologies in NLP are based on treebanks. A treebank is a linguistic knowledge representation of natural language texts. The main problem of the creation of a treebank is that it needs a lot of linguistic knowledge for the language. Each language treebank needs each language expertise. In particular, there has been no publicly available POS-tagged and constituency tree corpora for most of Asian languages before our project.

## Targets:

This background has made us propose this project for developing Asian Language Treebank (ALT). The objective of ALT is developing a parallel treebank for Asian languages. The benefits of ALT to the society is immense. ALT will accelerate research of NLP for Asian languages, such as Indonesian, Vietnamese, Japanese, Khmer, Laos, Malay, Myanmar, Philippine, Thai, and so on. This will result in the better communication in the ASEAN region and the world.

## Speaker:

ChenChen Ding, NICT on behalf of Masao Utiyama, NICT

**Project Members :**

Only team leaders are listed due to limited space.

| Name                     | Position/Degree                              | Institution,Country |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| <b>Hammam Riza</b>       | Deputy Chairman IT,Energy and Material / PhD | BPPT, Indonesia     |
| <b>Aw Ai Ti</b>          | Unit Head, Human Language Technologies / Ms. | I2R, Singapore      |
| <b>Luong Chi Mai</b>     | Assoc. Prof. / PhD                           | IOIT, Vietnam       |
| <b>Sethserey Sam</b>     | Vice President of Research / PhD             | NIPTICT, Cambodia   |
| <b>Khin Mar Soe</b>      | Professor / PhD                              | UCSY, Myanmar       |
| <b>Masao Utiyama</b>     | Executive Researcher / PhD                   | NICT, Japan         |
| <b>Thepchai Supnithi</b> | Research Team Leader/ Principal Researcher   | NECTEC, Thailand    |
| <b>Ria A. Sagum</b>      | Assoc. Prof. / CCIS Faculty Researcher       | PUP, Philippines    |

**Project Duration :**

36 months starting from April 1st, 2016

# What is Asian Language Treebank

- Provide Asian Language Treebank for free for research
  - Cover many under-resourced Asian languages
  - Facilitate the rapid development of Asian NLP
  - Provide the common ground for comparison/evaluation of Asian NLP
- We release ALT with a **Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike**

20,000 English Wikinews sentences



Annotated with Word segmentation, POS, Syntax, Word alignment

- Indonesian
- Japanese
- Khmer
- Malay
- Myanmar
- Vietnamese
- Thai
- Laos
- Filipino
- Bengali
- .....



# Samples (en, id, ja, km, ms, my, vi, th, fli)

- Italy have defeated Portugal 31-5 in Pool C of the 2007 Rugby World Cup at Parc des Princes, Paris, France.
- Italia berhasil mengalahkan Portugal 31-5 di grup C dalam Piala Dunia Rugby 2007 di Parc des Princes, Paris, Perancis.
- フランスのパリ、パルク・デ・フランスで行われた2007年ラグビーワールドカップのプールCで、イタリアは31対5でポルトガルを下した。
- អ៊ីតាលីបានឈ្នះលើព័រទុយហ្គាល់ 31-5 ក្នុងប្រជុំCនៃពិធីប្រកួតពានរង្វាន់ពិភពលោកនៃកីឡាបាល់ឱបឆ្នាំ2007ដែលប្រព្រឹត្តទៅប៉ាសឌេសប្រីន ក្រុងប៉ារីស បារាំង។
- Itali telah mengalahkan Portugal 31-5 dalam Pool C pada Piala Dunia Ragbi 2007 di Parc des Princes, Paris, Perancis.
- ပြင်သစ်နိုင်ငံ ပါရီမြို့ ပါဒက်စ် ပရင်စက် ဌာနတွင် ၂၀၀၇ခုနှစ် ရပ်ဘို ကမ္ဘာ့ ဖလား တွင် အီတလီ သည် ပေါ်တူဂီ ကို ၃၁-၅ ဂိုး ဖြင့် ရေကူးကန် စီ တွင် ရှုံးနိမ့်သွားပါသည်။
- Ý đã đánh bại Bồ Đào Nha với tỉ số 31-5 ở Bảng C Giải vô địch Rugby thế giới 2007 tại Parc des Princes, Pari, Pháp.
- อิตาลีได้เอาชนะโปรตุเกสด้วยคะแนน31ต่อ5 ในกลุ่มC ของการแข่งขันรักบี้เวิลด์คัพปี2007 ที่สนามปาร์กเดแพรงส์ ที่กรุงปารีส ประเทศฝรั่งเศส
- Natalo ng Italya ang Portugal sa puntos na 31-5 sa Grupong C noong 2007 sa Pandaigdigang laro ng Ragbi sa Parc des Princes, Paris, France.

- Each member institute have developed ALT for each language
- Four Meetings hosted by NIPTICT, BBPT, UCSY, and NECTEC.
- ALT resources are available at the project page

<http://www2.nict.go.jp/astrec-att/member/mutiyama/ALT/index.html>

- Corporation with U-STAR

ALT parallel corpus has been used for U-STAR

Khmer SMT has been released to U-STAR

- nine papers. One paper got a best paper award. Another paper was published at the most competitive international conference.
- Myanmar ALT was used in a machine translation workshop, improving MT over a well-known online machine translation service.
- Budgets: Most were for meeting. Others were for building ALT. Each member institute used their own budgets, too.

- 20,000 sentences were tokenized and parsed
- The parsing style mostly follows the Penn Treebank style
- Named Entity Tags based on OntoNotes also provided
- These are available to the public from the Project Web site

(S (S (BASENP (NNP Italy)) (VP (VBP have) (VP (VP (VP (VBN defeated) (BASENP (NNP Portugal)))) (ADVP (RB 31-5))) (PP (IN in) (NP (BASENP (NNP Pool) (NNP C)) (PP (IN of) (NP (BASENP (DT the) (NN 2007) (NNP Rugby) (NNP World) (NNP Cup)) (PP (IN at) (NP (BASENP (NNP Parc) (FW des) (NNP Princes)) (COMMA ,) (BASENP (NNP Paris) (COMMA ,) (NNP France)))))))))) (PERIOD .))

(S (S (PP (NP (PP (NP (S-REL-NSBJ (VP (PP (NP (PP (BASENP (NNP フランス)) (IN の)) (NP (BASENP (NNP パリ)) (COMMA 、) (BASENP (NNP パルク) (NNP ・) (NNP デ) (NNP ・) (NNP プランス)))) (IN で)) (VP (VP (VBO 行わ) (VP (VBV れ)) (VP (MD た)))) (BASENP (NNP 2007) (NNP 年) (NNP ラグビー) (NNP ワールドカップ)) (IN の)) (BASENP (NN プール) (NN C)) (IN で)) (COMMA 、) (S (PP-SBJ (BASENP (NNP イタリア)) (IN は)) (VP (PP (BASENP (NN 31) (CC 対) (NN 5)) (IN で)) (VP (PP-OBJ (BASENP (NNP ポルトガル)) (IN を)) (VP (VBV 下し) (VP (MD た)))))) (PERIOD 。))

(S (S (BASENP (PDT All))(DT the)(NNS suspects))(VP (VBP are))(NP (BASENP (JJ male))(NE-NRP (NNPS Finns)))(VP (VBG residing))(PP (IN in))(BASENP (JJ southern))(NE-GPE (NNP Finland))))(PERIOD .))

2016

- Indonesian POS Tagger
- Simple Syntax Tree Builder
- Indonesian POS Tagset
- Indonesian Syntactic Tagset

2017

- Re-Translation EnWN to IdWN : 20 K sentences
- IdWN Tagging : 20 K Sentences
- Indonesian Syntax Tree : 20 K Sentences
- Word alignment between EnWN and IdWN using MGIZA automatically : 20 K Sentences

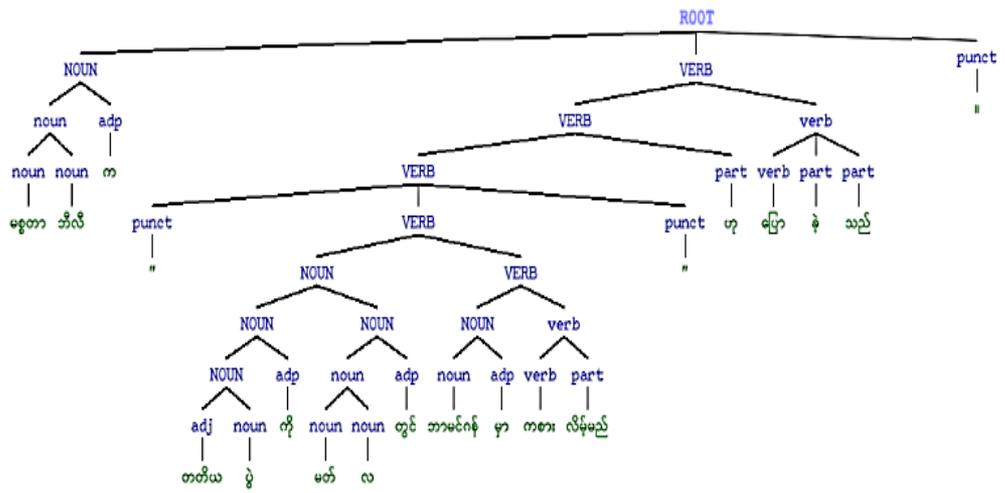
2018

- Re-Translation EnWN to IdWN : 10 K sentences
- Re-tagging sentences : 10 K Sentences
- Rebuild Tree : 10 K Sentences
- Re-Processing word alignment between EnWN and IdWN using MGIZA and Check manually : 10 k Sentences

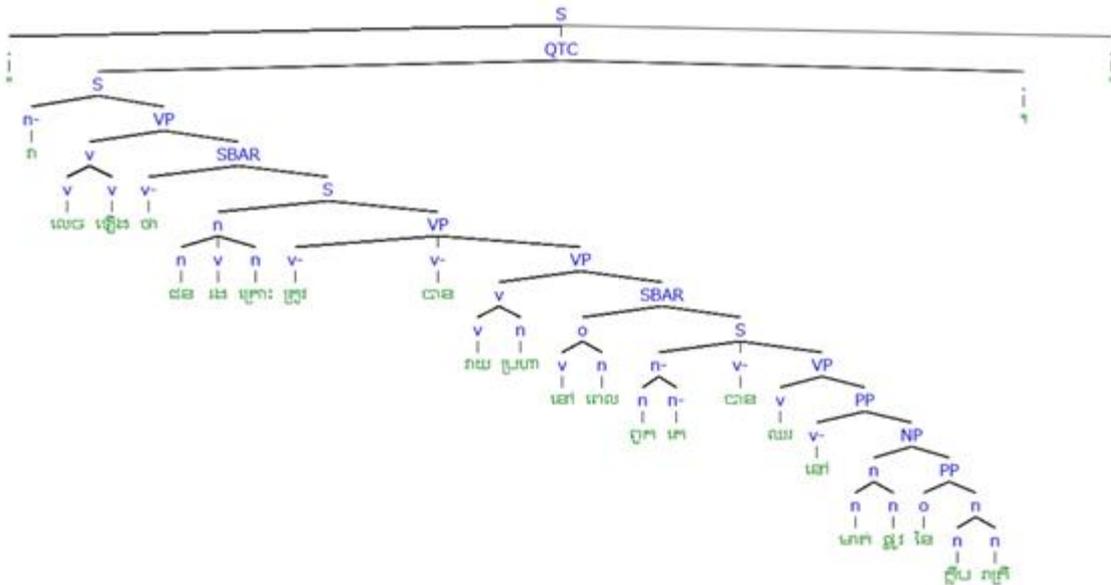
1. Word segmentation and word alignment for 20k parallel sentences have been done automatically in August 2016.
2. The automatic aligned sentences are checked manually by linguists who know both languages.
3. The verified and aligned sentences are uploaded to ALT server in April 2017.
4. The 20k Malay sentences are automatically tagged and verified manually.
5. Propose the Malay dependency relations categories and annotation scheme.

|                               | Nominal                               | Clause                  | Modifier Word                    | Function Word        |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Core Predicate Dep</b>     | nsubj<br>obj<br>iobj                  | csubj<br>ccomp<br>xcomp |                                  |                      |
| <b>Non-Core Predicate Dep</b> | obl<br>vocative<br>expl<br>dislocated | advcl                   | advmod<br>discourse              | aux<br>cop<br>mark   |
| <b>Nominal Dep</b>            | nmod<br>appos<br>nummod               | acl                     | amod                             | det<br>clf<br>case   |
| <b>Coordination</b>           | <b>MWE</b>                            | <b>Loose</b>            | <b>Special</b>                   | <b>Other</b>         |
| conj<br>cc                    | fixed<br>flat<br>compound             | parataxis<br>list       | orphan<br>goeswith<br>reparandum | punct<br>root<br>dep |

- Finished and released resources at the project Web site
  - Refined word alignment and syntactic tree
  - Improved tokenization and POS tagging
  - Get recommendation from Myanmar Language Commission



- Annotation Guidelines for Khmer
  - Released on ALT home page
  - Updated along with the data preparing
  - A temporary stable version
- Final outcome of FY 2018
  - Word segmentation : 20,106 sentences
  - POS tagging : 20,106 sentences
  - Word alignment : 9,000 sentences



- Difficulties in Annotation
  - Isolating property
  - Training annotators
  - Long sentences
- Results
  - Word segmentation    10,000 sentences
  - POS tagging                7,000 sentences
  - Syntax annotation        4,000 sentences
  - Word alignment            3,000 sentences

| No | POS tag | Description                                | Example   |
|----|---------|--|---|
| 1  | N       | Noun                                       | tiếng <sub>language</sub> , nước <sub>country</sub> , thủ đô <sub>capital</sub>                           |
| 2  | Np      | Proper noun                                | Nguyễn Du, Việt Nam, Bill Gates   |
| 3  | Nc      | Classifier noun                            | con, cái, đứa, bức  |
| 4  | Nu      | Unit noun                                  | mét <sub>meter</sub> , cân <sub>kilo</sub> , giờ <sub>hour</sub> , đồng <sub>pound</sub>                  |
| 5  | V       | Verb                                       | ngủ <sub>sleep</sub> , ngồi <sub>sit</sub> , đọc <sub>read</sub> , thích <sub>like</sub>                  |
| 6  | A       | Adjective                                  | tốt <sub>good</sub> , xấu <sub>bad</sub> , cao <sub>high</sub> , thấp <sub>short</sub>                    |
| 7  | P       | Pronoun                                    | tôi <sub>I,me</sub> , chúng tôi <sub>we,us</sub> , hắn <sub>he,him</sub>                                  |
| 8  | L       | Determiner                                 | mỗi, từng <sub>each</sub> , mọi <sub>every</sub> , các, những, mấy  |
| 9  | M       | Number                                     | mười <sub>ten</sub> , dăm <sub>around five</sub> , vài <sub>several</sub>                                 |
| 10 | R       | Adverb                                     | đã <sub>-ed</sub> , sẽ <sub>will</sub> , đang <sub>-ing</sub> , vừa <sub>just</sub> , rất <sub>very</sub> |
| 11 | E       | Preposition<br>(subordinating conjunction) | trên <sub>on</sub> , dưới <sub>under</sub> , trong <sub>int</sub> , ngoài <sub>out</sub>                  |
| 12 | C       | Coordinating conjunction                   | và <sub>and</sub> , với <sub>each</sub> , cùng, vì vậy<br>, tuy nhiên, ngược lại                          |
| 13 | I       | Interjection                               | ôi <sub>oh</sub> , chao <sub>wow</sub> , à ha   |
| 14 | T       | Particle                                   | à, a, a, chằng, chứ (modal particle)  |
| 15 | B       | Borrowed/foreign word                      | Internet, email, video, chat  |
| 16 | Y       | Abbreviation                               | OPEC, WTO, HIV  |
| 17 | X       | Can-not-classified word                    |   |

| No | Constituency tag | Description   |
|----|------------------|---|
| 1  | NP               | Noun phrase   |
| 2  | VP               | Verb phrase   |
| 3  | AP               | Adjective phrase  |
| 4  | RP               | Adverb phrase   |
| 5  | PP               | Prepositional phrase  |
| 6  | QP               | Quantitative phrase   |
| 7  | MDP              | Modal phrase  |
| 8  | UCP              | Coordinated phrase in which components are not the same type  |
| 9  | LST              | List mark phrase  |
| 10 | WHNP             | Interrogative noun phrase ('ai <sub>who</sub> ', 'cái gì <sub>what</sub> ', 'con gì <sub>which</sub> ')   |
| 11 | WHAP             | Interrogative adjective phrase ('lạnh <sub>cold</sub> thế nào <sub>how</sub> ', 'đẹp <sub>beautiful</sub> ra sao <sub>how</sub> ')                |
| 12 | WHRP             | Interrogative adverb phrase   |
| 13 | WHPP             | Interrogative prepositional phrase ('với <sub>with</sub> ai <sub>whom</sub> ', 'bằng <sub>by</sub> cách <sub>method</sub> nào <sub>which</sub> ') |
| 14 | S                | Statement sentence  |
| 15 | SQ               | Question sentence   |
| 16 | SBAR             | Subordinate clause (modifying noun, verb, and adjective)  |

## Thai ALT syntax tags

| Tag names | Description  | Example   |
|-----------|--|---|
| 1. ADJP   | Adjective phrase   | ขั้นตอนต่อไป (next steps)   |
| 2. ADVP   | Adverb phrase  | อย่างแข็งขัน (staunchly); อย่างดี (completely); น่ากังวลใจอย่างหนัก (gravely concerning)  |
| 3. NP     | Noun phrase  | การสั่งห้ามการสูบบุหรี่ในพื้นที่สาธารณะ (a ban on smoking in enclosed public spaces); คะแนนเสียงส่วนน้อย 33 เสียง (the slim margin of 33 votes) |
| 4. PP     | Prepositional phrase   | ในพื้นที่สาธารณะ (in enclosed public spaces); ในการเลือกตั้งปี 2001 (in the 2001 election)  |
| 5. S      | Simple declarative clause  | พวกเขาได้รับการพิจารณาเหมาะสมที่ศาล (They are properly dealt with by the courts.)   |
| 6. SBAR   | Subordinate clause   | นักการเมือง "ผู้มีจิตวิญญาณและความกล้าหาญ" (a "spirited and courageous" politician); วิทยาลัยที่เกี่ยวข้อง (the college involved)               |
| 7. VP     | Verb phrase  | ถูกจับ (was arrested); ทำหน้าที่เป็นโฆษกพรรคด้านสุขภาพ (Acting as the party's health spokesman)   |
| 8. CONJP  | The combinations of a comma and a CC, and a colon/semicolon and a CC | หลังจาก (after); แล้ว (and); นอกจากนั้น (then); แม้แต่ (even)   |

## Filipino ALT syntax analysis

NP(N'(N(ang)AP(A'(A(pampook))))),'(PP(P'(P(na))))),'(NP(N'(N(pulis))))),'(PP(P'(P(na))))),'(NP(N'(N(tagapagsalita))))),'(PP(P'(P(na)DP(D'(D(si)NP(N'(N(alexei))))))))),'(NP(N'(N(pomarov)DP(D'(D(ay)NP(N'(N(nagsabi))))))))),'(PP(P'(P(sa))))),'(NP(N'(N(afp)DP(D'())))),'(VP(ADV(hindi)V'()))),'(NP(N'(N(namin))))),'(NP(N'(N(alam))))),'(C(kung)),'(PP(P'(P(ito)DP(D'(D(ay)NP(N'(N(isang)DP(D'(ADV(hindi)))))))))),'(NP(N'(N(pagkakasundo)))),'(C(dahil)),'(NP(N'(N(wala)))),'(NP(N'(N(kami)))),'(NP(N'(N(mapagtanungan)))),'(DP(Q(laha)t)D'(D(ay)NP(AP(A'(A(patay)N'()))))))),'(PP(P'(P(na)))),'(PERIOD(.))

The presentations at International Conference:

| No: | Paper title:  | Author names   | Affiliation  | Conference name:  | The date of the conference | The venue of the conference |
|-----|---|--|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | Statistical Khmer Name Romanization. PACLING  | Chenchen Ding, Vichet Chea, Masao Utiyama, Eiichiro Sumita, Sethserey Sam and Sopheap Seng | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, National Institute of Posts, Telecoms & ICT | International Conference of the Pacific Association for Computational Linguistics | 16-18/08/2017              | Yangon, Myanmar             |
|     | Burmese (Myanmar) Name Romanization: A Sub-Syllabic Segmentation Scheme for Statistical Solutions | Chenchen Ding, Win Pa Pa, Masao Utiyama and Eiichiro Sumita                                | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, University of Computer Studies, Yangon      | International Conference of the Pacific Association for Computational Linguistics | 16-18/08/2017              | Yangon, Myanmar             |

The presentations at International Conference:

| No: | Paper title:  | Author names                                     | Affiliation   | Conference name:   | The date of the conference | The venue of the conference |
|-----|---|--|---|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | Simplified Abugidas   | Chenchen Ding, Masao Utiyama and Eiichiro Sumita | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics  | 15-20/07/2018              | Melbourne, Australia        |
|     | MY-AKKHARA: A Romanization-based Burmese (Myanmar) Input Method | Chenchen Ding, Masao Utiyama and Eiichiro Sumita | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing and International Joint Conference on Natural Language Processing | 03-07/11/2019              | Hong Kong, China            |

The presentations at International Conference:

| No: | Paper title:                                      | Author names   | Affiliation   | Conference name:              | The date of the conference | The venue of the conference |
|-----|---|--|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | Overview of the 5th Workshop on Asian Translation | Toshiaki Nakazawa, Katsuhito Sudoh, Shohei Higashiyama, Chenchen Ding, Raj Dabre, Hideya Mino, Isao Goto, Win Pa Pa, Anoop Kunchukuttan, and Sadao Kurohashi | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Workshop on Asian Translation | 03/12/2018                 | Hong Kong, China            |

The presentations at International Conference:

| No: | Paper title:   | Author names  | Affiliation   | Conference name:                                  | The date of the conference | The venue of the conference |
|-----|--|---|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | Modifying NOVA-annotated Myanmar Data to Universal Part-of-Speech Tagset | Sann Su Su Yee, Chenchen Ding, Khin Mar Soe, Masao Utiyama, and Eiichiro Sumita | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, University of Computer Studies, Yangon | International Conference on Computer Applications | 27/02 – 01/03/2019         | Yangon, Myanmar             |

The presentations at International Conference:

| No: | Paper title:                                      | Author names   | Affiliation   | Conference name:              | The date of the conference | The venue of the conference |
|-----|---|--|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | Overview of the 6th Workshop on Asian Translation | Toshiaki Nakazawa, Nobushige Doi, Shohei Higashiyama, Chenchen Ding, Raj Dabre, Hideya Mino, Isao Goto, Win Pa Pa, Anoop Kunchukuttan, Shantipriya Parida, Ondřej Bojar, and Sadao Kurohashi | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Workshop on Asian Translation | 04/11/2018                 | Hong Kong, China            |

The Published Journal Papers:

| No: | Paper title:   | Author names  | Affiliation   | Journal name:  | The publisher of the Journal        | The volume number and Pages     |
|-----|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|     | NOVA: A Feasible and Flexible Annotation System for Joint Tokenization and Part-of-Speech Tagging        | Chenchen Ding, Masao Utiyama, and Eiichiro Sumita   | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Transactions on Asian and Low-Resource Language Information Processing | Association for Computing Machinery | Vol. 18 Issue 2, Article No. 17 |
|     | Towards Burmese (Myanmar) Morphological Analysis: Syllable-based Tokenization and Part-of-Speech Tagging | Chenchen Ding, Hnin Thu Zar Aye, Win Pa Pa, Khin Thandar Nwet, Khin Mar Soe, Masao Utiyama, and Eiichiro Sumita | National Institute of Information and Communications Technology | Transactions on Asian and Low-Resource Language Information Processing | Association for Computing Machinery | Vol. 19 Issue 1, Article No. 5  |

ALT is very important in the development of fundamental NLP tools, such as word segmenters, POS taggers, and syntax parsers.

ALT is now available from our project website, because ALT is made from translated English Wikinews,. In contrast, usual treebanks are very hard to share, because the original texts in usual treebanks have strict copyrights.

ALT has already been used by other researchers. For example, “The 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Workshop on Asian Translation” (WAT 2018 and 2019) used ALT project data in their translation tasks. We elaborate how ALT is useful for each language below

- BPPT

BPPT will use the output and data of the project for improving the quality of English – Indonesian Machine Translation System. Currently the system is developed using phrase based stochastic method. INACL (Indonesian Association of Computational Linguistics) also will use ALT project data for research in the field of computational linguistics.

- I2R

ALT data is very useful for under-resourced NLP research & development as many languages under ALT do not have much open source data. The data helps to promote the research work in these languages.

- IOIT / VNU UET

The ALT data can be used for the Vietnamese Language and Speech Processing (VLSP) community. Currently, there are significant needs for this kind of data, not only for developing applications such as machine translation, question answering, etc. but also for teaching and studying AI, NLP and related subjects. The VLSP community is growing and having annual activities such as organizing workshops and evaluation campaigns, sharing corpora, etc.

- NIPTICT

Khmer is under resource language. This project provided potential and positive outcomes to the research and development of Khmer NLP. The ALT data will be used by NITPICT NLP research team to improve not only the Khmer MT but also other Khmer NLP and AI systems.

- UCSY

Since Myanmar language is a low resource language, building Myanmar ALT becomes very effective not only for Myanmar NLP researches, but also for improving academic part especially in AI field.

- NICT

NICT has already used the ALT project data for improving machine translation technology. In Japan, machine translation is very important because it is essential for improving communication all over the world.

- NECTEC

ALT Data is very useful for NECTEC. We plan to use the ALT data in Machine Translation project. We plan to do a hybrid SMT-NMT machine translation. This data will be useful for us to improve the accuracy of Machine translation.

- PUP Filipino-ALT

PUP-CCIS will be using the output of the project (project data) for improving the translation on Filipino language with other languages. At the moment, translation is one of the in-demand areas in the field of language processing the project data may be used in different researches and project not only in ASIA. There are companies who are developing NLP projects that needs to have this project's data and it would be convenient to have it available for use.

## Conclusion:

- **Thank ASEAN IVO for the great opportunity to work together!**
- The goal has been achieved.
- We have provided Asian Language Treebank for free for research
- Many research papers has been published
- ALT has been used for the development of machine translation technology

### Exhibition of the application or system the project developed

- ALT project webpage  
<http://www2.nict.go.jp/astrec-att/member/mutiyama/ALT/index.html>
- VoiceTra developed by NICT uses part of the ALT project data.  
<http://voicetra.nict.go.jp/en/>
- TexTra developed by NICT uses part of the ALT project data  
<https://mt-auto-minhon-mlt.ucri.jgn-x.jp/>
- ChenChen Ding of NICT has released an application using the ALT project data  
<http://www2.nict.go.jp/astrec-att/member/ding/my-akkhara.html>

The ALT project data is the only data that cover wide ASEAN languages. Consequently, NLP researchers working with ASEAN languages will use the ALT project data. The researchers can obtain the ALT project data from the project website.

ALT has already been used by other researchers. For example, “The 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Workshop on Asian Translation” (WAT 2018 and 2019) used ALT project data in their translation task. We expect more and more NLP researchers use ALT in the future.